## **IN THE CLAIMS**:

Kindly rewrite Claims 1-9 and add Claim 10 as follows:

A method for the operation of a power plant with a closed

1.	(Currently Amended)	A method for the operation of a power plant with a closed
or qua	si-closed cycle, the power pla	nt substantially comprising at least one compressor unit (1)
or a p	ump, at least one combustion of	chamber-(2), at least one turbine, (3)-and at least one heat
sink (	1), the method comprising:	•
· <del></del>	connecting means for coarse	fractionation of air upstream of an air fractionation
install	ation to supply oxygen-enrich	ed air to the air fractionation installation;
	obtaining at least one oxyger	n flow with the air fractionation installation;
	reacting a fuel mass flow (14	) reacting with said at least one oxygen flow (12) in the at
least o	one combustion chamber (2)-to	form a hot gas <del> which is expanded</del> ;
	expanding said hot gas in a v	work-performing manner in the at least one turbine (3), and
to pro	duce excess combustion produ	acts; and
	removing the excess combus	stion products which are formed (CO <sub>2</sub> , H <sub>2</sub> O) being removed
from t	he cycle at a suitable location	(5, 6), characterized in that the oxygen stream (12) which is
fed to	the combustion chamber (2) is	s obtained by means of an air fractionation installation (11),
and m	eans (9) for coarse fractionation	on of the supplied air (8) are connected upstream of this air
fractio	onation installation (11), in ord	ler to supply oxygen enriched air (10) to the air fractionation
install	ation (11).	
		•

- 2. (Currently Amended) The method for the operation of a power plant as claimed in claim 1, characterized in that wherein the air fractionation installation (11) operates according to the comprises a cryogenic principle air fractionation installation.
- 3. (Currently Amended) The method for the operation of a power plant as claimed in claim 1, characterized in that wherein the means (9) for the coarse fractionation of the 'supplied air is based on comprises an at least single-stage membrane process device.
- The method for the operation of a power plant as claimed 4. (Currently Amended) in claim 1, characterized in that wherein the means (9) for coarse fractionation of the supplied air

is based on comprises a vacuum swing adsorption processdevice.

5.	(Currently Amended)	The method for the operation of a power plant as claimed		
in claim 1, characterized in that the means (9) for the coarse fractionation of the supplied air (8)				
increases-further comprising:				
	increasing the oxygen conter	nt of the air (10) supplied to the air fractionation installation		
(11) to at least 40 per cent by volume (40 vol%) with the means for coarse fractionation of air.				
6.	(Currently Amended)	The method for the operation of a power plant as claimed		
in clai	n claim 3, characterized in that the wherein a permeated air component for said at least single-			
stage membrane device is oxygen.				
7.	(Currently Amended)	The method for the operation of a power plant as claimed		
in claim 3, eharacterized in that the wherein a permeated air component for said at least single-				
stage membrane device is nitrogen.				
8.	(Currently Amended)	The method for the operation of a power plant as claimed		
in claim 3, eharacterized in that wherein the power plant includes a waste heat utilizer of the gas				
turbine, and further comprising:				
	providing heat which is requ	ired for the said at least single-stage membrane process is		
provided by thermal integration with device from the waste heat utilizer (4) of the gas turbine				
process.				
	1	•		
9.՝	(Currently Amended)	The method for the operation of a power plant as claimed		
in claim 3, eharacterized in that further comprising:				
_	providing refrigeration requi	red for the said at least single-stage membrane process is		
provided by thermal integration with device from the air fractionation installation-(11).				

10. (New) The method for the operation of a power plant as claimed in claim 1, wherein said excess combustion products comprise  $CO_2$ ,  $H_2O$ , or both.